

Section 4: Empires of Ancient India  
Ancient India

## Section Quiz

### A. Key Terms

**Directions:** Match the definitions in Column I with the terms in Column II. Write the correct letter in each blank.

**Column I**

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. to change one's beliefs
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. Indian Empire founded by Chandragupta in the 300s B.C.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. freedom from prejudice

**Column II**

- a. tolerance
- b. Maurya
- c. convert

### B. Main Ideas

**Directions:** Write the letter of the correct answer in each blank.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. Under Chandragupta's rule, the Maurya Empire's main source of wealth was
  - a. conquest.
  - b. mining.
  - c. farming.
  - d. manufacturing.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. Chandragupta used the Maurya Empire's wealth for all of the following *except*
  - a. clearing forests.
  - b. building roads.
  - c. hiring mercenary soldiers.
  - d. improving irrigation systems for farmers.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. The achievements of Asoka's rule included
  - a. building the greatest empire India had ever known.
  - b. the building of a system of colleges.
  - c. encouraging trade with East Asia.
  - d. the breakup of the empire.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. Asoka converted to Buddhism after
  - a. famine swept over India.
  - b. he met with Siddhartha Gautama.
  - c. the Battle of Kalinga.
  - d. he met Alexander the Great.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. Before and after the Gupta Empire, India was governed by
  - a. brutal dictators
  - b. small, divided states
  - c. a series of great empires
  - d. religious leaders